Registration No:													
Tota	ıl Nu	umber of Paç	ges: 03	102			102			102		102	MCA MCA105
102		102	st Seme E	ster NGIN	NEE	RINC	G EC		OMI)16- ⁻	102	102
				ľ	Max Q.0	COD	rks E: Y	: 10 728					
Answer Part-A which is compulsory and any four from Part-B. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.													
102		102	Pa	rt°= A	(Ans	swer	áll ti	ne qu	estic	ons)		102	102
Q1		Answer the	followin	g que	estio	ns:							(2 x 10)
	a)	In	goods, de	emano	d is n	egati	vely	relate	d to	incor	ne.		
		(a) Com	plement	(k	o) Su	bstitu	ıte		(c) N	Norm	al	(d) inferior	
	b)	An econom	ist would	d esti	mate			to	det	termi	ne r	elationship	
102		between two	goods.	102			102			102		102	102
		(a) Incon	ne elastic	ity of	dema	and	(b) Cr	oss e	elasti	city c	of demand	
		(c) Price	elasticity	of de	man	b	(d) Pri	ice el	lastic	ity of	supply	
	c)	. Cross elas	sticity of c	lemar	ıd is p	positi	ve fo	r:					
102	d)	(a) Substitute goods (b) normal goods (c) Complementary goods (d) inferior goods (d) Price elasticity of demand for a firm under perfect competition is:						102					
	,	a. Less than	-	o. Mo				-	zero	•		d. Infinite	
102	e)	(b) M	aw of varia otal produ arginal pi otal produ	ıct is r	maxir t is ze	num ero	102			102	e en	d of	102
	f)	` '	arginal pı	oduct	is ed	qual t	o Av	erage	prod	duct	man	d:	
		(a) e _p	, = 1 (b) e _p	< 1	(c)	e _p >	1	(d)	e _p =	0		
102	g)	The firm will (a) Al	reach the	•				•			(d) l	102 MR = MC	102

102	h) i)	A person deposits a sum of Rs.20,000 at the interest rate of 10% compounded annually for 10 years. Find the maturity value after 10 years. (a) Rs.7,710.87 (b) Rs.58,174.80 (c) Rs.51,874.80 (d) Rs.7,170.87 At what annual interest rate will Rs.1000 invested today be worth	102							
102		Rs.2000 in 10 years?	102							
		(a) 7% (b) 6% (c) 5% (d) 4%								
	j)									
		(a) (F / P, i, n) (b) (A / F, i, n) (c) (F / A, i, n) (d) (A / G, i, n)								
Q2		Answer the following questions: $\frac{102}{102}$ $\frac{102}{102}$ $\frac{102}{102}$	(2 x 10) ₁₀₂							
	a)	Why are Giffen goods exceptions to law of demand?								
	b)	What are the determinants of supply?								
	c)	What factors result in shift in demand of a commodity?								
	d)									
102	e)	What does it mean if the value of price elasticity of demand is -0.2? 102	102							
	f)	Define total, average and marginal costs.								
	g) h)	Define Cross elasticity of demand. Explain four functions of RBI.								
	i)	What do you mean by "Minimum Acceptable Rate of Return"?								
102	') j)	What is cash reserve ratio?	102							
	J <i>)</i>	What is dash reserve ratio:								
Part – B (Answer any four questions)										
Q3	a)	State and explain the Law of Demand. What are its exceptions?	(10)							
	b)	Explain the factors affecting to demand.	(5)							
Q 4 ²	a)	State and explain the Law of Variable Proportions.	(10) 102							
	b)	Explain the meaning of Isoquant.	(5)							
Q5	a)	Explain why long run "U" shaped average cost curve is more flattered	(10)							
	b)	than short run average cost curve. Distinguish between fixed cost and variable cost.	(5)							
102	,	400	102							
Q6	a)	Explain how the price and output is determined under perfect competition?	(10)							
	b)	Explain about the economies of scale.	(5)							

Year	Annual Cash flow
0	- 50000
102	102 102
1	12000
2	12000
3	18000
4	13000
02 102	102 102
5	11000

b) What is monopoly?

(5)

Given the following data, select the better machine in terms of their Equivalent Annual Worth (EAW) assuming i = 9% compounded annually.

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>M/C-I</u>	M/C-II	
Initial Outlay (Rs.)	2, 00, 000	3, 00, 000	
Annual Revenue (Rs.)	40, 000	50, 000	
Annual O&M Cost (Rs.)	5, 000	10,000 with an annual increase	Э
, ,		of 1,000	
Salvage Value (Rs.)	20, 000	30, 000	
Service Life (Years) 102	7	10 102 102	

Q9 a) Explain about the Indian banking system.

(10)

b) Write a note on credit creation.

(5)